

Macrophage, pan (Histiocytoma & Sebocyte Marker) Antibody

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone LN-5]

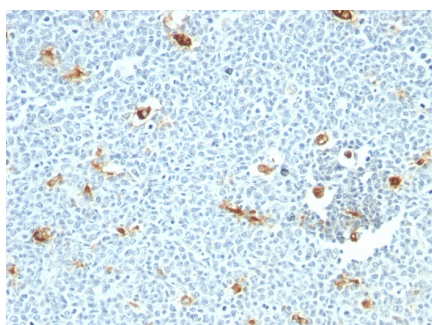
Catalog No	Format	Size
MSM1-59-P0	Purified Ab with BSA and Azide	200ug/ml
MSM1-59-P1	Purified Ab with BSA and Azide	200ug/ml
MSM1-59-P1BX	Purified Ab WITHOUT BSA	1.0mg/ml

Applications	Tested Dillution
Immunohistochemistry (IHC)	1-2ug/ml

Product Details	
Clone	LN-5
Gene Name	N/A
Immunogen	Human peripheral blood mononuclear cells
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype / Light Chain	IgM / Kappa
Mol. Weight of Antigen	Not Known
Cellular Localization	N/A
Species Reactivity	Human
Positive Control	Liver or histiocytoma.

**Optimal dilution for a specific application should be determined.*

Product Images for Macrophage, pan (Histiocytoma & Sebocyte Marker) Antibody



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Tonsil stained with Macrophage Monoclonal Antibody (LN-5)

Specificity & Comments

This MAbs stains the cytoplasm of macrophages and histiocytes in hematopoietic organs, Kupffer's cells of the liver and Langerhan's cells of the skin. Macrophages comprise of many forms of mononuclear phagocytes found in tissues. Mononuclear phagocytes arise from hematopoietic stem cells in the bone marrow. After passing through the monoblast and pro-monocyte states of the monocyte stage, they enter the blood, where they circulate for about 40 hours. They then enter tissues and increase in size, phagocytic activity, and lysosomal enzyme content becoming macrophages. Among the functions of macrophages are nonspecific phagocytosis and pinocytosis, specific phagocytosis of opsonized microorganisms mediated by Fc receptors and complement receptors, killing of ingested microorganisms, digestion and presentation of antigens to T and B lymphocytes, and secretion of a large number of diverse products, including many enzymes including lysozyme and collagenases, several complement components and coagulation factors, some prostaglandins and leukotrienes, and many regulatory molecules (Interferon, Interleukin 1). LN-5 selectively stains human sebaceous glands in formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded skin samples. Undifferentiated sebocyte progenitors are negative, and only sebocytes from the onset of their differentiation reveal positive cytoplasmic staining. Since there are very few selective and easy-to-use markers of sebaceous glands, LN-5 antibody can offer a simple and relatively specific way to detect human sebocytes from the onset of their.

Known Applications & Suggested Dilutions

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin-fixed) (0.1-0.2ug/ml for 30 min at RT)(Staining of formalin-fixed tissues requires heating tissue sections in 10mM Tris with 1mM EDTA, pH 9.0, for 45 min at 95°C followed by cooling at RT for 20 minutes) | Optimal dilution for a specific application should be determined.

Limitations and Warranty

This antibody is available for research use only and is not approved for use in diagnosis.

There are no warranties, expressed or implied, which extend beyond this description. Company is not liable for any personal injury or economic loss resulting from this product.

Supplied As

200ug/ml of Ab Purified from Bioreactor Concentrate. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT azide at 1.0mg/ml.

Storage and Stability

Antibody with azide - store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody without azide - store at -20 to -80°C. Antibody is stable for 24 months. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.