

CD59 / Complement Regulatory Protein / Protectin Antibody

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone BRA-10G]

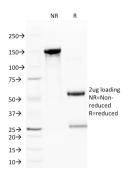
| Catalog No | Format | Size |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|----------|
| 966-MSM2-P0 | Purified Ab with BSA and Azide | 200ug/ml |
| 966-MSM2-P1 | Purified Ab with BSA and Azide | 200ug/ml |
| 966-MSM2-P1ABX | Purified Ab WITHOUT BSA and Azide | 1.0mg/ml |

| Applications | Tested Dillution |
|-------------------------|---------------------|
| Flow Cytometry (Flow) | 1-2ug/million cells |
| Immunofluorescence (IF) | 1-3ug/ml |

| Product Details | | |
|------------------------|---|--|
| Clone | BRA-10G | |
| Gene Name | CD59 | |
| Immunogen | Human K562 tumor cells | |
| Host | Mouse | |
| Clonality | Monoclonal | |
| Isotype / Light Chain | IgG1 / Kappa | |
| Mol. Weight of Antigen | 20kDa | |
| Cellular Localization | Cell membrane, Secreted | |
| Species Reactivity | Human | |
| Positive Control | Jurkat or Raji cells. Human lymphocytes. Human lymph node and tonsil. | |

^{*}Optimal dilution for a specific application should be determined.

Product Images for CD59 / Complement Regulatory Protein / Protectin Antibody



SDS-PAGE Analysis of Purified CD59 Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (BRA-10G). Confirmation of Purity and Integrity of Antibody.



Specificity & Comments

Reacts with human CD59, a 20kDa glycosyl phosphatidyl-inositol (GPI)-anchored cell surface protein. CD59 regulates complement-mediated cell lysis, and it is involved in lymphocyte signal transduction. This protein is a potent inhibitor of the complement membrane attack complex, whereby it binds complement C8 and/or C9 during the assembly of this complex, thereby inhibiting the incorporation of multiple copies of C9 into the complex, which is necessary for osmolytic pore formation. CD59 is widely distributed on cells in all tissues. It inhibits formation of MAC, thus protecting cells from complement-mediated lysis. The expression of CD59 on erythrocytes is important for their survival. Genetic defects in GPI-anchor attachment, that cause a reduction or loss of CD59 and CD55 on erythrocytes produce the symptoms of the disease paroxysmal hemoglobinuria (PNH). This MAb is useful for study on GPI-anchored proteins, PNH and CD59 functions.

Research Areas

Complement System, Hematopoietic Stem Cells, Immunology

Known Applications & Suggested Dilutions

Functional Studies (Order Ab without Azide) | Flow Cytometry (1-2ug/million cells) | Immunofluorescence (1-2ug/ml) | Optimal dilution for a specific application should be determined.

Limitations and Warranty

This antibody is available for research use only and is not approved for use in diagnosis.

There are no warranties, expressed or implied, which extend beyond this description. Company is not liable for any personal injury or economic loss resulting from this product.

Supplied As

200ug/ml of Ab Purified from Bioreactor Concentrate. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA & azide at 1.0mg/ml.

Storage and Stability

Antibody with azide - store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody without azide - store at -20 to -80°C. Antibody is stable for 24 months. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

