

Macrophage L1 Protein Antibody Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone SPM281]

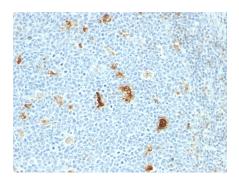
Catalog No	Format	Size
6279-MSM1X-P0	Purified Ab with BSA and Azide	200ug/ml
6279-MSM1X-P1	Purified Ab with BSA and Azide	200ug/ml
6279-MSM1X-P1ABX	Purified Ab WITHOUT BSA and Azide	1.0mg/ml

Applications	Tested Dillution
Flow Cytometry (Flow)	1-2ug/million cells
Immunofluorescence (IF)	1-3ug/ml
Immunohistochemistry (IHC)	1-2ug/ml

Product Details		
Clone	SPM281	
Gene Name	S100A8	
Immunogen	Affinity Purified monocyte membrane preparation	
Host	Mouse	
Clonality	Monoclonal	
Isotype / Light Chain	IgG1 / Kappa	
Mol. Weight of Antigen	12-14kDa (doublet)	
Cellular Localization	Cell membrane, Cytoplasm, Cytoskeleton, Secreted	
Species Reactivity	Baboon, Cat, Cow, Dog, Goat, Guinea Pig, Horse, Human, Monkey, Mouse, Pig, Rabbit, Rat	
Positive Control	lymph node or spleen., Tonsil	

^{*}Optimal dilution for a specific application should be determined.

Product Images for Macrophage L1 Protein Antibody



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Tonsil stained with Macrophage L1 Protein Monoclonal Antibody (SPM281)



Specificity & Comments

Recognizes the L1 or Calprotectin molecule, an intra-cytoplasmic antigen comprising of a 12kDa alpha chain and a 14kDa beta chain expressed by granulocytes, monocytes and by tissue macrophages. Macrophages usually arise from hematopoietic stem cells in the bone marrow. Under migration into tissues, the monocytes undergo further differentiation to become multifunctional tissue macrophages. They are classified into normal and inflammatory macrophages. Normal macrophages include macrophages in connective tissue (histiocytes), liver (Kupffer's cells), lung (alveolar macrophages), lymph nodes (free and fixed macrophages), spleen (free and fixed macrophages), bone marrow (fixed macrophages), serous fluids (pleural and peritoneal macrophages), skin (histiocytes, Langerhans's cell) and in other tissues. Inflammatory macrophages are present in various exudates. Macrophages are part of the innate immune system, recognizing, engulfing and destroying many potential pathogens including bacteria, pathogenic protozoa, fungi and helminthes. This MAb reacts with neutrophils, monocytes. macrophages, and squamous mucosal epithelia and has been shown as an important marker for identifying macrophages in tissue sections.

Research Areas

Immunology, Infectious Disease, Signal Transduction

Known Applications & Suggested Dilutions

Flow Cytometry (1-2ug/million cells) | Immunofluorescence (1-2ug/ml) | Immunohistochemistry (Formalin-fixed) (1-2ug/ml for 30 minutes at RT)(Staining of formalin-fixed tissues requires heating tissue sections in 10mM Tris with 1mM EDTA, pH 9.0, for 45 min at 95°C followed by cooling at RT for 20 minutes) | Optimal dilution for a specific application should be determined.

Limitations and Warranty

This antibody is available for research use only and is not approved for use in diagnosis.

There are no warranties, expressed or implied, which extend beyond this description. Company is not liable for any personal injury or economic loss resulting from this product.

Supplied As

200ug/ml of Ab Purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA & azide at 1.0mg/ml.

Storage and Stability

Antibody with azide - store at 2 to 8° C. Antibody without azide - store at -20 to -80°C. Antibody is stable for 24 months. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

