

## Recombinant Prostate Specific Antigen (PSA) Antibody

Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody [Clone KLK3/7128R]

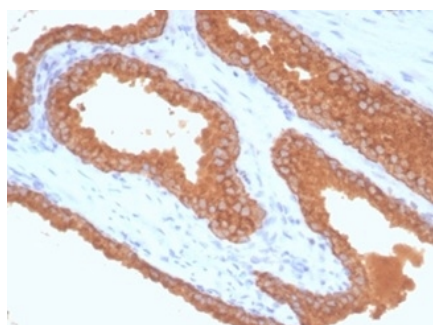
Catalog No	Format	Size
354-RBM18-P0	Purified Ab with BSA and Azide	200ug/ml
354-RBM18-P1	Purified Ab with BSA and Azide	200ug/ml
354-RBM18-P1ABX	Purified Ab WITHOUT BSA and Azide	1.0mg/ml

Applications	Tested Dillution
Immunohistochemistry (IHC)	1-2ug/ml

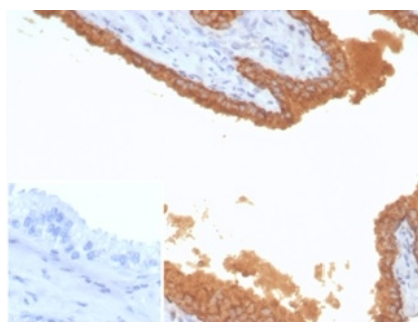
Product Details	
Clone	KLK3/7128R
Gene Name	KLK3
Immunogen	Recombinant fragment (around aa150-250) of human KLK3 protein (exact sequence is proprietary)
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype / Light Chain	IgG / Kappa
Mol. Weight of Antigen	29kDa
Cellular Localization	Secreted
Species Reactivity	Human
Positive Control	PC12 cells. Normal prostate or prostate carcinoma tissues.

*\*Optimal dilution for a specific application should be determined.*

### Product Images for Recombinant Prostate Specific Antigen (PSA) Antibody



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human prostate carcinoma stained with PSA Recombinant Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody (KLK3/7128R). HIER: Tris/EDTA, pH9.0, 45min. 2°C: HRP-polymer, 30min. DAB, 5min.



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human prostate carcinoma stained with PSA Recombinant Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody (KLK3/7128R) at 2ug/ml. Inset: PBS instead of primary antibody; secondary only negative control.

### Specificity & Comments

Prostate-specific antigen (PSA) is a single-chain glycoprotein of 237 amino acids containing approximately 8% carbohydrate. It is a serine protease produced almost exclusively by prostatic epithelial cells. Immunohistochemically PSA is expressed in the highly specialized apically-superficial layer of female and male secretory cells of the prostate gland, and is readily demonstrated in adenocarcinomas of the prostate in about 99% of the cases. There is a correlation between malignancy grade and intensity of staining, high grade carcinomas displaying weaker expression. About 1% of poorly differentiated carcinomas have been negative for PSA. Due to the high specificity of PSA for prostatic glandular epithelium, it is very useful in identifying prostatic carcinoma in the prostate and in the adjacent organs often affected by epithelial malignancies, i.e. rectum and urinary bladder. PSA may be used in a panel together with NKX3.1 and Prostein, which are at least as sensitive and slightly more specific than PSA.

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### Research Areas

Cardiovascular, Signal Transduction

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### Known Applications & Suggested Dilutions

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin-fixed) (1-2ug/ml for 30 minutes at RT), (Staining of formalin-fixed tissues requires heating tissue sections in 10mM Tris with 1mM EDTA, pH 9.0, for 45 min at 95 °C followed by cooling at RT for 20 minutes), Optimal dilution for a specific application should be determined.

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### Limitations and Warranty

This antibody is available for research use only and is not approved for use in diagnosis.

There are no warranties, expressed or implied, which extend beyond this description. Company is not liable for any personal injury or economic loss resulting from this product.

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### Supplied As

200ug/ml of Ab purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA & azide at 1.0mg/ml.

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### Storage and Stability

Antibody with azide - store at 2 to 8 °C. Antibody without azide - store at -20 to -80 °C. Antibody is stable for 24 months. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

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