Recombinant Catenin, beta (p120) Antibody

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone rCTNNB1/1507]

Catalog No	Format	Size
1499-MSM14-P0	Purified Ab with BSA and Azide at 200ug/ml	20 ug
1499-MSM14-P1	Purified Ab with BSA and Azide at 200ug/ml	100 ug
1499-MSM14-P1ABX	Purified Ab WITHOUT BSA or Azide at 1.0mg/ml	100 ug

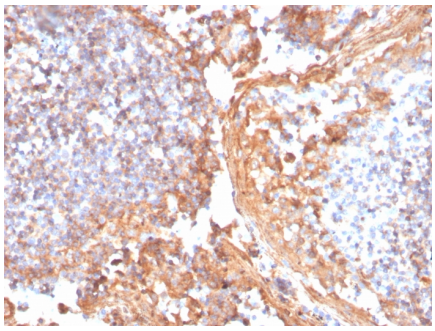
Applications	Tested Dillution	Note
Immunohistochemistry (IHC)	1-2ug/ml	30 min at RT. Staining of formalin-fixed tissues requires heating tissue sections in 10mM Tris with 1mM EDTA, pH 9.0, for 45 min at 95°C followed by cooling at RT for 20 minutes
Western Blot (WB)	2-4ug/ml	

Product Details

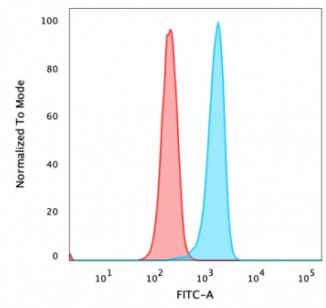
Clone	rCTNNB1/1507
Immunogen	Recombinant fragment corresponding to the c-terminal region of the chicken Beta-Catenin protein
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype / Light Chain	IgG1 / Kappa
Mol. Weight of Antigen	85.5kDa
Cellular Localization	Adherens junction, Cell junction, Cell membrane, Centrosome, Cilium basal body, Cytoplasm, Cytoskeleton, Microtubule organizing center, Nucleus, Spindle pole, Synapse
Species Reactivity	Human
Positive Control	HeLa or MCF-7 cells. Liver tissue lysate.

**Optimal dilution for a specific application should be determined.*

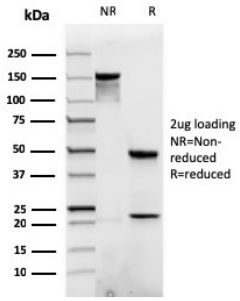
Product Images for Recombinant Catenin, beta (p120) Antibody



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human tonsil stained with Catenin, beta Recombinant Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (rCTNNB1/1507).



Flow Cytometric Analysis of PFA fixed HeLa cells using Beta-Catenin (p120) Recombinant Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (rCTNNB1/1507) followed by goat anti-mouse IgG-CF488 (Blue); Isotype Control (Red).



SDS-PAGE Analysis of Purified p120 Recombinant Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (rCTNNB1/1507). Confirmation of Purity and Integrity of Antibody.

Specificity & Comments

Beta-catenin associates with the cytoplasmic portion of E-cadherin, which is necessary for the function of E-cadherin as an adhesion molecule. In normal tissues, beta-catenin is localized to the membrane of epithelial cells, consistent with its role in the cell adhesion complex. In breast ductal neoplasia, beta-catenin is usually localized in cellular membranes. However, in lobular neoplasia, a marked redistribution of beta-catenin throughout the cytoplasm results in a diffuse cytoplasmic pattern. Immuno-staining of beta-catenin and E-cadherin is helps in the accurate identification of ductal and lobular neoplasms, including a distinction between low-grade ductal carcinoma in situ (DCIS) and lobular carcinoma. Additionally, some rectal and gastric adenocarcinomas demonstrate diffuse cytoplasmic beta-catenin staining and a lack of membranous staining, mimicking the staining pattern observed with lobular breast carcinomas.

Supplied As

200ug/ml of Ab produced in a mammalian-based expression system. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA & azide at 1.0mg/ml.

Storage and Stability

Antibody with azide - store at 2 to 8 °C. Antibody without azide - store at -20 to -80 °C. Antibody is stable for 24 months. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

Limitations and Warranty

This antibody is available for research use only and is not approved for use in diagnosis.There are no warranties, expressed or implied, which extend beyond this description. Company is not liable for any personal injury or economic loss resulting from this product.